



# Dissector Developer Notes

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First some questions to get to know each other:

Who has the Wireshark source code? Cloned or tarball?

Who's writing dissectors? In C or Lua?

Who's developing on which OS?

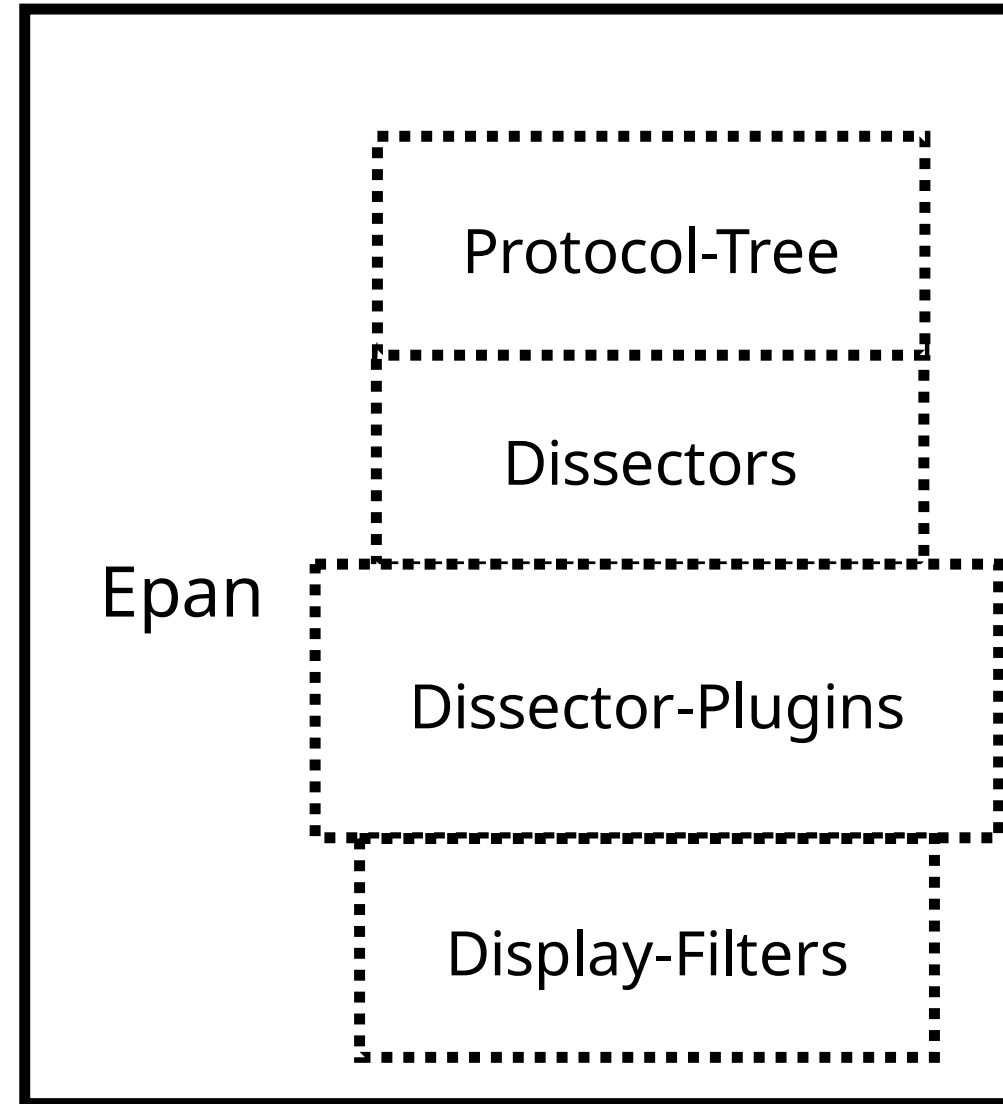
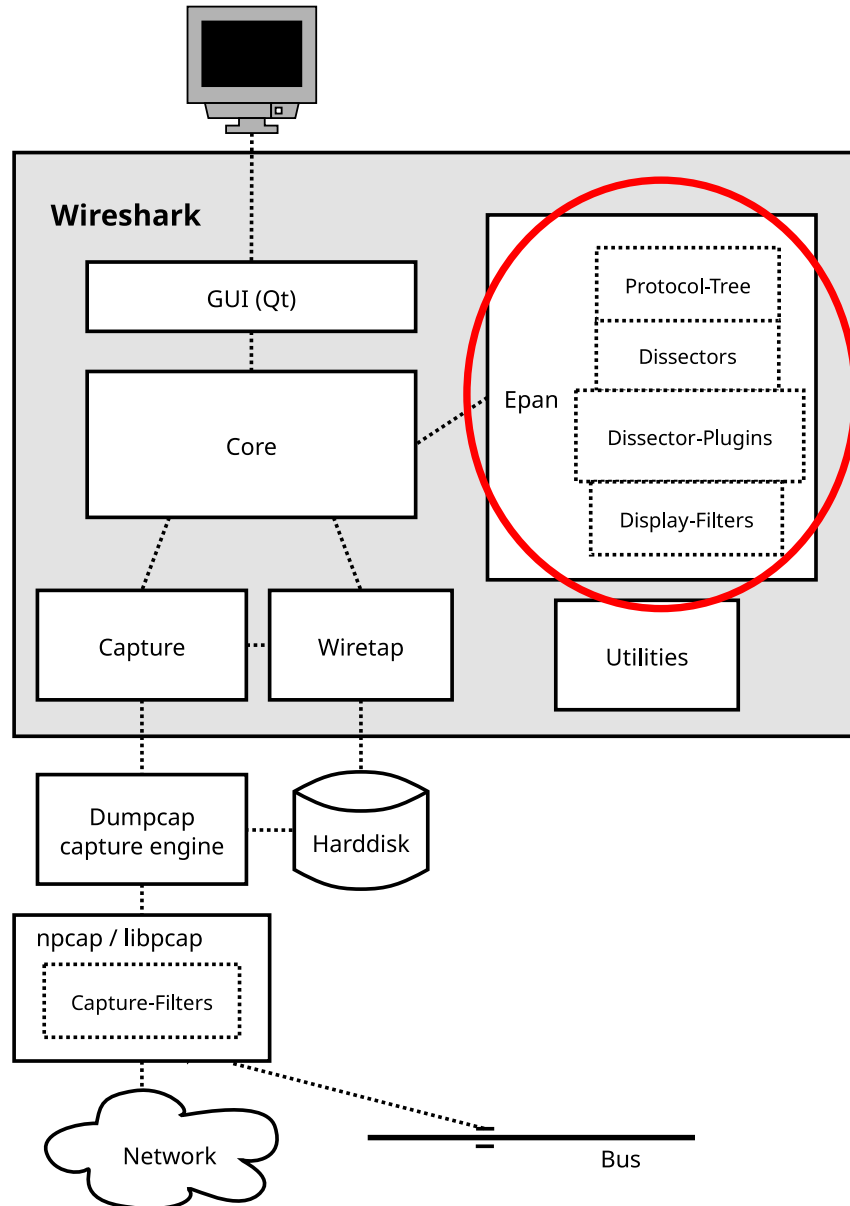
Who has read the development documentation?



Dissectors.

Not just the EPAN API's, but what lays beyond them.

How do we think about dissector design?





doc/packet-PROTOABBREV.c

```
/* Code to actually dissect the packets. */  
static int  
dissect_PROTOABBREV(tvbuff_t *tvb, packet_info *pinfo, proto_tree *tree,  
                     void *data _U_)  
{
```



Who is calling `dissect_PROTOABBREV()` ?

For this we need to register the dissector with EPAN.



```
/* Register the protocol with EPAN. */  
void  
proto_register_PROTOABBREV(void)  
{  
    proto_PROTOABBREV = proto_register_protocol("PROTONAME",  
        "PROTOSHORTNAME", "PROTOFILTERNAME");  
  
    PROTOABBREV_handle = register_dissector("PROTOABBREV",  
        dissect_PROTOABBREV, proto_PROTOABBREV);  
}
```



Now that EPAN knows about `dissect_PROTOABBREV()`  
when does it call us?

For this we need to setup dissection handoff.





```
#define PROTOABBREV_UDP_PORT 10000

/* Register for handoff to the dissector. */
void
proto_reg_handoff_PROTOABBREV(void)
{
    dissector_add_uint("udp.port",
                      PROTOABBREV_UDP_PORT, PROTOABBREV_handle);
}
```



doc/packet-PROTOABBREV.c

```
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dissect_PROTOABBREV(tvbuff_t *tvb, packet_info *pinfo, proto_tree *tree,  
                   void *data _U_)  
{
```



```
*
* Testy, Virtual(-izable) Buffer of uint8_t*'s
*
* "Testy" -- the buffer gets mad when an attempt is made to access data
*           beyond the bounds of the buffer. An exception is thrown.
*
* "Virtual" -- the buffer can have its own data, can use a subset of
*             the data of a backing tvbuff, or can be a composite of
*             other tvbuffs.
*
* Copyright (c) 2000 by Gilbert Ramirez <gram@alumni.rice.edu>
*
```



`epan/tvbuff.h`

```
WS_DLL_PUBLIC uint8_t  
tvb_get_uint8(tvbuff_t *tvb, const int offset);
```

Besides this there are access functions for any imaginable data type in a TVB. Use them!



doc/packet-PROTOABBREV.c

```
/* Code to actually dissect the packets. */  
static int  
dissect_PROTOABBREV(tvbuff_t *tvb, packet_info *pinfo, proto_tree *tree,  
                    void *data _U_)  
{
```



epan/packet\_info.h

```
typedef struct _packet_info {  
    <insane amount of parameters>  
} packet_info;
```



epan/frame\_data.h

```
typedef struct _frame_data {  
    <less insane amount of parameters>  
} frame_data;
```



doc/packet-PROTOABBREV.c

```
/* Code to actually dissect the packets. */
static int
dissect_PROTOABBREV(tvbuff_t *tvb, packet_info *pinfo, proto_tree *tree,
                    void *data _U_)
{
```





epan/proto.h

```
WS_DLL_PUBLIC proto_item *  
proto_tree_add_item(proto_tree *tree,  
    int hfindex, tvbuff_t *tvb,  
    const int start, int length,  
    const unsigned encoding);
```



doc/packet-PROTOABBREV.c

```
static hf_register_info hf[] = {
    { &hf_FIELDABBREV,
      { "FIELDNAME", "FIELDFILTERNAME",
        FT_FIELDTYPE, FIELDDISPLAY, FIELDCONVERT, BITMASK,
        "FIELDDESCR", HFILL }
    }
};
```



Often when creating your dissections you want to convert a number into a representative string. But can you trust the number read from the TVB to be valid?

Setup a `value_string` array and make sure to terminate that with a `{0, NULL}` tuple. Then use the `value_string` conversion functions, or stick it in the header field.



doc/packet-PROTOABBREV.c

```
/* Code to actually dissect the packets. */  
static int  
dissect_PROTOABBREV(tvbuff_t *tvb, packet_info *pinfo, proto_tree *tree,  
                    void *data _U_)  
{
```



During dissection we want to pass out-of-band data between dissectors. If this is not part of `packet_info`, then the `data` parameter allows for this.

Since, in most cases, this is an unused parameter, use the “`_U_`” attribute to tell the compiler to ignore it.



doc/packet-PROTOABBREV.c

```
/* Code to actually dissect the packets. */
static int
dissect_PROTOABBREV(tvbuff_t *tvb, packet_info *pinfo, proto_tree *tree,
                    void *data _U_)
{
    /* create display subtree for the protocol */
    ti = proto_tree_add_item(tree, proto_PROTOABBREV, tvb, 0, -1, ENC_NA);

    PROTOABBREV_tree = proto_item_add_subtree(ti, ett_PROTOABBREV);
}
```



# Dissector design considerations



In what order are packets dissected, i.e., in what order is my dissector being called?

Wireshark: First sequential, then in random order.

Tshark: Once sequential, twice sequential with “-2” option.

Ergo: you can't use static variables!





Packets are often not dissected in isolation. They can depend on data in earlier packets.

How to keep track of which packets belong together?

Conversations: An association defined by endpoint tuples, e.g., side A and B: IPv4 address + UDP port#



With datagram protocols (e.g., UDP) you know that you are getting a Protocol Data Unit worth of data.

How about streaming protocols (e.g. TCP) ?

You cannot expect the TCP dissector to give you your complete Protocol Data Units!



epan/dissectors/packet-tcp.h

```
WS_DLL_PUBLIC void
tcp_dissect_pdus(tvbuff_t *tvb, packet_info *pinfo,
    proto_tree *tree, bool proto_desegment,
    unsigned fixed_len,
    unsigned (*get_pdu_len)(packet_info *, tvbuff_t *, int, void *),
    dissector_t dissect_pdu,
    void *dissector_data);
```



Remember that Wireshark gets put into action when things don't work. That may be when there's a protocol error.

To help the user, always try to show as much as possible.



Use the safety of the EPAN facilities to cover for errors, e.g., TVB, value\_string, etc.

Always check the validity of values read from the TVB before using it for loop counts, shifts, etc. These EPAN can't protect you against.



- Columns
- Preferences
- Generated and hidden fields
- Per packet data
- Request and response tracking
- Heuristics
- Taps and Statistics
- Memory management
- Endianness conversion
- Encoding conversion
- .....



- In the documentation
  - Developers Guide
  - doc/README.\*
- In the source code

Feedback is much appreciated

**SharkFest'24**  
**EUROPE**

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<https://conference.wireshark.org/sharkfest-24-eu/talk/N3XNY9/feedback/>